



M111 RUGGED STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

- Intrinsically safe for Mining to: Ex I/II M1/GD
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Travel set to customer's requirement
- High durability and reliability
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP67

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek[®] has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications.

Our M111 incorporates electronics system EX07 which is ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved for use in potentially explosive gas/vapour, dust atmospheres and **mining** environments. This heavy-duty version of the M101 sensor with a stronger 12.6mm push rod, recommended for applications where vibration is an issue or there is a need for longer travel sensors, mounted horizontally, and supported between rod It remains an affordable, durable, higheves. accuracy position sensor designed for industrial and scientific feedback applications. The unit is highly compact and space-efficient, being responsive along almost its entire length. Like all Positek[®] sensors, the M111 provides a linear output proportional to travel. Each sensor is supplied with the output calibrated to the travel required by the customer, any stroke from 0 -5mm to 0-800mm and with full EMC protection built in.

The sensor is very robust, the body and push rod being made of stainless steel for long service life and environmental resistance. Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The sensor is easy to install with mounting options including M8 rod eye bearings and body clamps. The push rod can be supplied free or captive with female M8 thread, an M8 rod eye, dome end or magnetic tip. M12 and 1/2" rod eye options available. Captive push rods can be sprung loaded, in either direction, on sensors up to 300mm of travel. The M111 also offers a range of mechanical options, environmental sealing is to IP67.



SPECIFICATION

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Dimensions	25				
Body diameter	35 mm				
Body length (Axial version)	calibrated travel + 163 mm				
Bodý length (Radial version)	calibrated travel + 186 mm				
Push rod extension	calibrated travel + 7 mm, OD 12.6 mm				
For full mechanical details see dra					
Power Supply	$+5V$ dc nom. \pm 0.5V, 10mA typ 20mA max				
Output Signal	0.5-4.5V dc ratiometric, Load: 5kΩ min.				
Independent Linearity	≤ ± 0.25% FSO @ 20°C - up to 450 mm				
	≤ ± 0.5% FSO @ 20°C - over 450 mm				
	$\leq \pm 0.1\%$ FSO @ 20°C [*] available upon request.				
*Sensors with calibrated travel from	10 mm up to 400 mm.				
Temperature Coefficients	< ± 0.01%/°C Gain &				
• • • • • • • • • • • • •	$< \pm 0.01\%$ FS/°C Offset				
Frequency Response	> 10 kHz (-3dB)				
Resolution	Infinite				
Noise	< 0.02% FSO				
Intrinsic Safety	Ex I/II M1/GD				
	Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)				
	Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)				
	Ex ia I Ma (Ta=-40°C to $80°C$)				
Approval only applies to the specific	ad ambient temperature range and atmospheric				
conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10					
Sensor Input parameters	Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W.				
(connector option/s)	Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µĤ				
(cable option/s)	Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 860µH with 1km max. cable				
Environmental Temperature Limits					
Operating	-40°C to +80°C				
Storage	-40°C to +125°C				
Sealing	IP67				
EMC Performance	EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3				
Vibration	IEC 68-2-6: 10 g				
Shock	IEC 68-2-29: 40 g				
MTBF	350,000 hrs 40°C Gř				
Drawing List					
M111-11	Sensor Outline				
Drawings, in AutoCAD [®] dwg or dxf	format, available on request.				

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.





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Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration.

ATEX / IECEx / UKEX approved to; Ex I/II M1/GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da (Ta= -40°C to 80°C) Ex ia I Ma (Ta=-40°C to 80°C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Groups I and II: suitable for all areas (including mining), Category M1/1 GD: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas (Zones 2 to 0) and dust (Zone 20), equipment remains energised.

Gas / Vapour:

Protection class ia, denotes intrinsically safe for all zones Apparatus group IIC: suitable for IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gas / vapour.

Temperature class T4: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Dust:

T135°C: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C. It is imperative Positek[®] intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the X005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options. Safety Parameters:-

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W Ci = 1.36μ F* Li = 860μ H* (cable option/s) Ci = 1.16μ F Li = 50μ H (connector option/s)

*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

Sensors can be installed with a maximum of 1000m of cable. Cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance: $\leq 200 \text{ pF/m}$ for max. total of: Inductance: $\leq 810 \text{ nH/m}$ for max. total of: 200 nF. 810 μH. For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

ATEX / IECEX / UKEX approved sensors suitable for gas (X series) and dust (E series) applications, are also available from Positek.

TABLE OF OPTIONS

CALIBRATED TRAVEL: Factory set to any length from 0-5mm to 0-800mm (e.g. 254mm)

ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OPTIONS

The Positek[®] X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is available with the

following output options; Standard: 0.5 - 9.5V or 4 - 20mA. Reverse: 9.5 - 0.5V or 20 - 4mA.

CONNECTOR/CABLE OPTIONS

Cable[†] with Pg 9 gland or short gland Cable[†] with Pg 9 gland Or short gland Cable[†] with Pg 9 gland Cable[†] with Pg

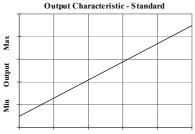
[†]Three core (black jacket) or five core (blue jacket) cable options available. Cable length >50 cm – please specify length in cm up to 15000 cm max. We recommend all customers refer to the 3 or 5-Wire Mode Connection page.

MOUNTING OPTIONS

M8 rod eye bearing (radial versions), Body Tube Clamp/s (axial or radial versions). M12 and 1/2" rod eyes options available.

PUSH ROD OPTIONS – Retained[†] or Free with M8x1.25 female thread, M8 end[#].

standard, retained with female thread with spring extend



Retracted Linear Displacement Extended





Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek[®] Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance[†] depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area[‡] and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

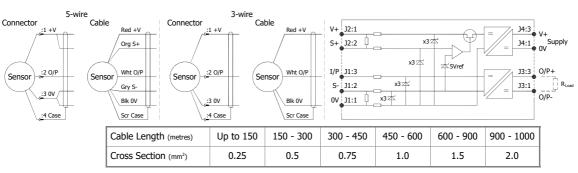
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to 15Ω per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm² cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek[®] recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm² cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a $\pm 1\%$ temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek[®] sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-*** for `G' and `H' prefix sensors X005-*** for `E', `M' and `X' prefix sensors

 $^+_+$ R = ρ L/A ρ is the resistivity of the conductor (Ω m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m²).

⁺It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.



Intrinsically Safe - Mining Environments M111 Rugged Stand-Alone Linear Position Sensor

		а	b		с	c d	c d e	c d e f	c d e f g	c d e f g h	c de fghj
	M111	. Displacement	А		Y	Y Connections	Y Connections Option	Y Connections Option Option			
a Displacement (mm)	0 254		Value			j Z-code	-	-			-
Displacement in mm	e.g. 0 - 254	mm	254					Calibration to suit X005 - Default			
b Output							10mm & 400mm only!				≤± 0.1% @20°C Independent Linearity displacement between 10mm & 400mm only!
Supply V dc		Output	Code			1/2" Rod eye opt	1/2" Rod eye options ava	1/2" Rod eye options available	1/2" Rod eye options available	1/2" Rod eye options available	1/2" Rod eye options available
V _s (tolerance) +5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0 5 - 4 5V (ra	tiometric with supply)	А			M12 Rod eye opt	M12 Rod eye options ava	M12 Rod eye options available	M12 Rod eye options available	M12 Rod eye options available	M12 Rod eye options available
FJV (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 1 .5V (la	nometric with supply)	~								
c Calibration Adjustn	nents		Code	•							
Sealed			Y								
d Connections Cable or	Connector		Code								
	IP67 metal -	3-core cable	Ixx								
Cable Gland - Radial	IP67 metal -	5-core cable	IQxx	r							
	IP67 M12 IE	C 60176-2-101 meta	al J								
Connector - Axial	pre-wired - 3	3-core cable	Jxx								
	pre-wired - 5	5-core cable	JQxx	۲.							
	IP67 M12 IE	C 60176-2-101 meta	al K								
Connector - Radial	pre-wired - 3	B-core cable	Кхх								
	pre-wired - 5	5-core cable	KQxx	c							
Cable Gland - Axial	IP67 metal -	3-core cable	Lxx								
	IP67 metal-	5-core cable	LQxx	r I							
Cable Gland ⁺ - Axial	IP67 Short -	3-core cable	Мхх								
	IP67 Short -	5-core cable	MQx	ĸ							
Specify required cable length 'xx 50 cm supplied as standard. ⁺ Nb:			20 m of cable,								
e Body Fittings			Code								
None - default			blank								
M8 Rod-eye Bearing	Radial body	style only	N								
f Body Clamps			Code	;							
Body Clamps - 1 pair			P DD								
Body Clamps - 2 pairs			P2								
g Sprung Push Rod			Code								
None - default			blank	:							
Spring Extend	Up to 300mm	n displacement.	R								
Spring Retract	Captive push		S								
h Duch Dad Sittinga			Code								
h Push Rod Fittings	Fomalo Thro	ad M9v1 2Ev12 door	Code								
None - default		ad M8x1.25x12 deep		•							
Dome end	Requires opt	ion 'R'	т								
M8 Rod-eye Bearing			U								
Magnetic Tip			WA								
j Push Rod Options			Code	•							
Captive - default	Push rod is r	etained	blank								
Non-captive	Push rod can	n depart body	V								

All Intrinsically Safe (IS) sensors must have a Z-code suffix. IS sensors must be used in conjunction with a Galvanic Isolation Amplifier - See X005 for Output options.



Installation Information M111 RUGGED STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

x3 25

S- J1:2

Blk 0V

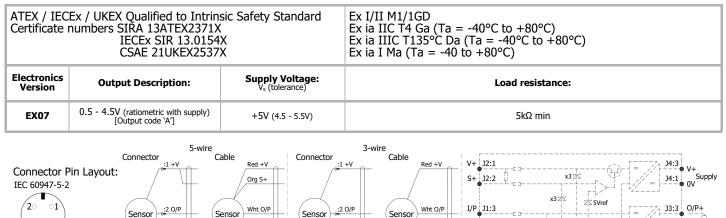
Scr Case

S- J1:2 0V J1:1 U X3 ZX 0V J1:1 U X3 ZX

J3:1

0/P-

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX04, see next page.



Putting Into Service: The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

:3 0V

:4 Case

Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi = 0.51W	
Ci = 1.36µF*	Li = 860µH*	('Ixx', 'IQxx', 'Lxx', 'LQxx', 'Mxx' or 'MQxx' options)	*Figures for 1km cable
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µĤ	('J' or 'K' options)	5

The sensor is certified to be used with up to 1000m of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Gry S

Blk 0V

Scr Case

≤ 200 pF/m ≤ 810 nH/m 200 nF Capacitance: or max. total of: Inductance: or max. total of: 810 µH

:3 0V

:4 Case

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen \leq 21%.

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

Warning - The M12 IEC 60176-2-101 connector may be rotated for purposes of convenient orientation of the connector and cable, however rotating the connector more than one complete revolution is not recommended. Repeated rotation of the connector will damage the internal wiring!

Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a Sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use.

Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

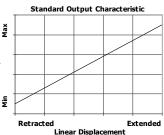
Use: The sensor is designed to measure linear displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling: The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

Maintenance: No maintenance is required.

Mechanical Mounting: Mounting: Depending on options; Body can be mounted by rod eye bearing or by clamping the sensor body - body clamps are available, if not already ordered. Target by M8x1.25 female thread, rod eye bearing or magnetic tip. It is assumed that the sensor and target mounting points share a common earth.

Output Characteristic: Target is extended 7 mm from end of body at start of normal travel. The output increases as the target extends from the sensor body, the calibrated stroke is between 5 mm and 800 mm.



Output

Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or over-voltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.



For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K.



Installation Information M111 RUGGED STAND-ALONE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS MINING ENVIRONMENTS

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX07, see previous page.

ATEX Qualified to Intrinsic Safety Standard			Ex I/II M1/1GD EEx ia I/IIC T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Ex ia D 20 T135°C (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)
Electronics Version			Load resistance:
EX04	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min

The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V

Ci = 1.36µF* $Ci = 1.16\mu F$ The sensor is certified to be used with up to 1000m of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-Capacitance: \leq 200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF Inductance: \leq 660 nH/m for max. total of: 660 μ H

With the exception of the certificate number and safety parameters above, all other notes regarding Putting Into Service, Use, Assembly and Dismantling etc. on previous page apply to sensors marked EX04 or EX07.

